Setting up of nuclear power plants in the country

728. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to refer to the reply of Unstarred Question 3138 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 24-3-88 and state:

(a) what will be the cost and capacity of each nuclear plant proposed to be set up in the country; and

(b) by when these are likely to be completed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF OCEAN DEVELOPMENT, ATOMIC ENERGY, ELECTRONICS AND SPACE (SHRI K. R. NARAYANAN): (a) and (b) A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

Statement

Setting up of Atomic Power Plants in the Country

Location of Nuclear Power Plants	Number and capacity	Cost	When likely to be completed
Kaiga (Karnataka)	4x235 MWe	The cost estimates of these projects will be determined after finalisation of detailed project reports which are under preparation.	It is targetted that these units will be completed towards the latter half of the 9th Plan in a phased manner.
TAPS Expansion, Tarapur (Maharashtra)	2x500 MWe		
RAPS Expansion, Rawatbhata (Rajasthan)	4x500 MWe		
Kudankulam, (Tamil Nadu)	2x1000 MWe		

Privatisation of defence production

729. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to refer to the answer to Starred Question 262 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 12th May, 1988 and state:

(a) the number of private sector units engaged in defence production in the country; and

(b) what is the additional private sector units that are likely to be invited for production of defence items?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE PRODUCTION AND SUPPLIES IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI CHINTAMANI PANIGRAHI): (a) and (b) Purchase of Defence stores from Civil Sector Industry including Private Sector Units, is made by a number of purchasing agencies. These are DGS&D, three Defence Services Headquarters, namely, Army Headquarters, Naval Headquarters and Air Headquarters, Ordinance Factories, Defence Public Sector Undertakings and the Supplies Wing of the Department of Defence Production and Supplies. Purchases made comprise a very large variety of items which include Vehicles, engines, Batteries, Gen. sets and other equipment, components, sub-assemblies and assemblies of main equipment for production, maintenance and overhaul, various kinds of ferrous and non-ferrous materials and general stores item like uniforms, tents, mosquito nets etc. Purchases are made based on competitive tenders. The selection of ths sources whether in the public or private sector, for placement of orders is dependent on a number of factors including competitivences of the prices offered and the capability of the units.

2. The total number of units currently engaged in supply of stores to Defence is very large. The information is not available in one place. However, so far as the Supplies Wing of the Department of Defence Production and Supplies is concerned, which deals mostly with abinitio development orders, the total num-

ber of Private Sector Units presently handling orders is 564. It is not possible to indicate in advance the additional private sector units, who are likely to participate and secure orders against future tenders.

Change of formula of Central Assistance

730. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the existing formula of Central Assistance to the State Plans is being changed considerably during the formulation of the 8th Five Year Plan;

(b) if so, what are the changes likely to be made; and

(c) the extent to which regional disparties will be reduced?

THE MINISTER OF PLANNING AND THE MINISTER OF PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI MADHAVSINH SOLANKI): (a) At present there is no proposal under consideration to replace the existing modified Gadgil Formula of Central assistance which has been approved by the National Development Council in August, 1980.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Treatment of Cancer in the country

731. SHRI BIR BHADRA PRATAP SINGH: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have prepared a comprehensive programme for the detection/treatment of Cancer Cases in the country, and if so, the details thereof;

(b) what is the annual amount of funds spent on Cancer detection/treatment programmes during he Sixth and Seventh Five Year Plans and allocation proposed for the Eighth Five Year Plan; and

(c) whether it is also a fact that there is a big gap in the number of Cobalt radiotherapy units required for the treatment of Cancer in the country and the number of units actually installed operating, and if so, the details there and what are the measures being taken or proposed to fill it?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) No new Comprehensive programme has been prepared.

(b) The expenditure incurred by the Govt. of India on various anti-cancer programmes is given below:—

Year/Plan	Expenditure (Rs. in lakhs) Plan	Non-Plan
1. 6th Plan . .	1378.16	174.60
2. 7th Plan		
1985-86 . .	320.31	64.70
1986-87 . .	420.76	84.41
1987-88 . .	353.90	81.13
(Likely Expn.) .	1600.00	100.00
1988-89		
1989-90 . .	1600 00	103.00

*including provision to cover Japanese assistance. The Eighth Plan allocation for Cancer Control Programme is not yet known.

(c) At present Cobalt Therapy Units are available in 100 institutions including Medical Colleges and two research institutions Under the Cancer Control Programme, the Govt. of India gives financial assistance @ Rs. 12 lakhs per unit to the institutions to set up cobalt therapy units. It is proposed to cover all the recognised Government Medical Colleges in the country to set up cobalt therapy facilities in a phased manner.